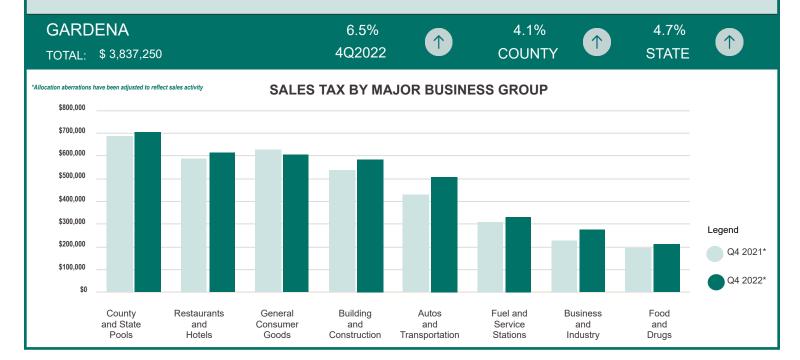
# CITY OF GARDENA SALES TAX UPDATE 4Q 2022 (OCTOBER - DECEMBER)





Measure G TOTAL: \$3,178,172 6.5%



# **CITY OF GARDENA HIGHLIGHTS**

Gardena's receipts from October through December were 5.3% above the fourth sales period in 2021. Excluding reporting aberrations, actual sales were up 6.5%.

Strong demand and limited inventory for vehicles causing elevated pricing for buyers contributed to a dramatic growth from auto-transportation vendors, while restaurants, especially sit-down dining establishments, experienced solid gains as enhanced optional dining areas, continued demand to eat out and higher menu prices all helped contribute.

Activity at building-construction suppliers improved largely due to the stable housing & commercial markets and on-going infrastructure investment.

One-time receipts coupled with economic spikes were largely responsible for business-industry gains.

Further supporting the overall growth, allocations from the countywide use tax pool continues to be a bright spot, as the city's share grew 3% compared to a year ago.

The city's transaction tax, Measure G, experienced similar overall positive results with strong auto-transportation activity and business-industry returns increasing the most.

Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of Los Angeles County grew 4.1% over the comparable time period; the Southern California region was up 5.1%.



# **TOP 25 PRODUCERS**

A&A Chevron
Albertsons
Arco AM PM
Beacon Roofing Supply
Chick Fil A
Crenshaw Lumber Co
Crenshaw Wholesale
Electric Supply
Enterprise Rent A Car
G & C Equipment
Finders Corp
Gardena Honda
In N Out Burger
Julien's Auctions
Lab Fabrication

Marukai Market
McDonald's
Nissan of Gardena
Raising Cane's
Sam's Club
Smardan Hatcher Co.
Target
Valero
Vons
Vons Fuel
Wood Oil Company

HdL® Companies



### **STATEWIDE RESULTS**

California's local one cent sales and use tax receipts for sales during the months of October through December were 4.7% higher than the same quarter one year ago after adjusting for accounting anomalies. A holiday shopping quarter, the most consequential sales period of the year, experienced solid results which lifted revenue to local agencies across the State.

Overall, general consumer goods growth was up a meager 1.8%, in large part from merchants also selling gas as prices remained elevated over last year. Otherwise, many brick and mortar retailers experienced mixed results as the phenomenal prior year activity made for an extremely difficult comparison. This was especially true for jewelry stores receipts which had soared tremendously after the pandemic as consumers diversified readily available cash into other assets.

Commuters and seasonal travelers were again burdened with gas prices above \$5 per gallon in most of the State, leaving fuelservice stations 10% higher than a year ago. However, this trend did not distract from spending at local restaurants and hotels. Increased menu prices and return-to-office workplaces enhanced gains, with the Bay Area experiencing it's greatest amount of post-pandemic rebound.

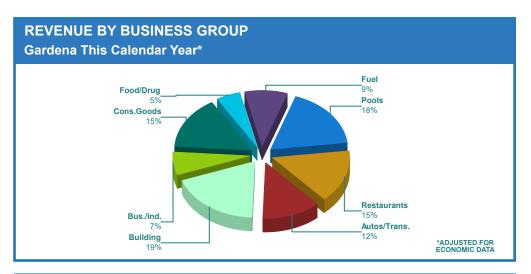
Although inventory shortages negatively impacted unit sales and leasing activity throughout 2022, year-end returns by new car dealers, especially high-end luxury and electronic/hybrid brands, sustained autotransportation sector gains. In contrast, rising interest rates and higher gas prices pulled trailer-RV revenues lower. Steady housing demand and pend up construction projects delayed by supply chain interruptions have contractors contributing the majority of growth within the building-

construction sector. With rising interest rates tempering selling activity, property owners are still likely to maintain home improvement spending.

Use taxes remitted via the countywide pools rose a scant 0.3%. While national ecommerce spending behaviors climbed upward again, expansion of more in-state fulfilment centers plus retailers using existing locations to deliver goods tied to online orders shifted taxes away from pools. The offsetting effect was these dollars being directed to local agency's coffers where the goods resided. This evolving trend is anticipated to persistently weaken taxes coming from the pools in the near term.

Looking back, calendar year 2022 exhibited a 9.5% surge in tax receipts compared to 2021. Each of the eight major tax categories all reported greater returns. Most influential was inflation that drove up prices on everything from normal daily purchases to vehicles. Secondarily, all-time peak global crude oil costs had fuel seller's payments skyrocketing.

Heading into 2023, additional interest rate hikes along with consumer sentiment waning about the economy foretells minimal change coming from California's taxable sales in the months ahead.



### TOP NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS TYPES Gardena **HdL State** County Q4 '22\* **Business Type** Change Change Change 10.2% 9.9% 1 Service Stations 279.5 7.5% 1 Quick-Service Restaurants 275.0 0.4% 6.3% 5.7% 1 Casual Dining 249.2 9.4% ( 10.9% 8.2% **Grocery Stores** 130.7 9.0% 7.3% 6.2% 41.9% 11.8% Contractors 114.1 9.7% Fast-Casual Restaurants 71.8 2.2% 5.3% 6.5% Plumbing/Electrical Supplies 67.5 5.6% 10.7% 7.3% Auto Repair Shops 63.3 1.3% 6.5% 6.3% Light Industrial/Printers 50.1 1.2% -29.3% 3.9% 49.5 -1.9% 🕡 Variety Stores -3.5% 1.4% \*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity \*In thousands of dollars